§ 20.316

§ 20.316 What must a person covered by the employment policy do?

- (a) If you are covered by the employment policy in §20.314, you must seek employment and provide evidence of your monthly efforts to obtain employment in accordance with your ISP.
- (b) If you do not seek and accept available local and seasonal employment, or you quit a job without good cause, you cannot receive General Assistance for a period of at least 60 days but not more than 90 days after you refuse or quit a job.

§ 20.317 How will the ineligibility period be implemented?

- (a) If you refuse or quit a job, your ineligibility period will continue as provided in §20.316(b) until you seek and accept appropriate available local and seasonal employment and fulfill your obligations already agreed to in the ISP:
- (b) The Bureau will reduce your suspension period by 30 days when you show that you have sought local and seasonal employment in accordance with the ISP; and
- (c) Your eligibility suspension will affect only you. The Bureau will not apply it to other eligible members of the household.

§ 20.318 What case management responsibilities does the social services worker have?

In working with each recipient, you, the social services worker must:

- (a) Assess the general employability of the recipient;
- (b) Assist the recipient in the development of the ISP;
- (c) Sign the ISP;
- (d) Help the recipient identify the service(s) needed to meet the goals identified in their ISP;
- (e) Monitor recipient participation in work related training and other employment assistance programs; and
- (f) Document activities in the case file.

§ 20.319 What responsibilities does the general assistance recipient have?

In working with the social services worker, you, the recipient, must:

- (a) Participate with the social services worker in developing an ISP and sign the ISP;
- (b) Perform successfully in the work related activities, community service, training and/or other employment assistance programs developed in the ISP:
- (c) Participate successfully in treatment and counseling services identified in the ISP;
- (d) Participate in evaluations of job readiness and/or any other testing required for employment purposes; and
- (e) Demonstrate that you are actively seeking employment by providing the social services worker with evidence of job search activities as required in the ISP.

TRIBAL WORK EXPERIENCE PROGRAM (TWEP)

§ 20.320 What is TWEP?

TWEP is a program that provides work experience and job skills to enhance potential job placement for the general assistance recipient. TWEP programs can be incorporated within Public Law 93–638 self-determination contracts, Public Law 102–477 grants, and Public Law 103–413 self-governance annual funding agreements at the request of the tribe.

§ 20.321 Does TWEP allow an incentive payment?

Yes, incentive payments to participants are allowed under TWEP.

- (a) Incentive payments are separate. The Bureau will not consider incentive payments as wages or work related expenses, but as grant assistance payments under §§ 20.320 through 20.323.
- (b) The approved payment will not exceed the Bureau maximum TWEP payment standard established by the Assistant Secretary.

§ 20.322 Who can receive a TWEP incentive payment?

- (a) The head of the family unit normally receives the TWEP assistance payment.
- (b) The social services worker can designate a spouse or other adult in the assistance group to receive the TWEP assistance payment. The social services worker will do this only if:

- (1) The recognized head of the family unit is certified as unemployable; and
- (2) The designation is consistent with the ISP.
- (c) Where there are multiple family units in one household, one member of each family unit will be eligible to receive the TWEP incentive payment.

§ 20.323 Will the local TWEP be required to have written program procedures?

Yes, the local TWEP must have specific written program procedures that cover hours of work, acceptable reasons for granting leave from work, evaluation criteria and monitoring plans and ISP's for participants. Work readiness progress must be documented in each ISP.

BURIAL ASSISTANCE

§ 20.324 When can the Bureau provide Burial Assistance?

In the absence of other resources, the Bureau can provide Burial Assistance for eligible indigent Indians meeting the requirements prescribed in §20.300.

§ 20.325 Who can apply for Burial Assistance?

If you are a relative of a deceased Indian, you can apply for burial assistance for the deceased Indian under this section.

- (a) To apply for burial assistance under this section, you must submit the application to the social services worker. You must submit this application within 30 days following death.
- (b) The Bureau will determine eligibility based on the income and resources available to the deceased in accordance with §20.100. This includes but is not limited to SSI, veterans' death benefits, social security, and Individual Indian Money (IIM) accounts. Determination of need will be accomplished on a case-by-case basis using the Bureau payment standard.
- (c) The Bureau will not approve an application unless it meets the criteria specified at §20.300.
- (d) The approved payment will not exceed the Bureau maximum burial payment standard established by the Assistant Secretary.

§ 20.326 Does Burial Assistance cover transportation costs?

Transportation costs directly associated with burials are normally a part of the established burial rate. If a provider adds an additional transportation charge to the burial rate because of extenuating circumstances, the social services worker can pay the added charge. To do this, the social services worker must ensure and document in the case plan that:

- (a) The charges are reasonable and equitable:
- (b) The deceased was an eligible indigent Indian who was socially, culturally, and economically affiliated with his or her tribe; and
- (c) The deceased resided in the service area for at least the last 6 consecutive months of his/her life.

DISASTER ASSISTANCE

§ 20.327 When can the Bureau provide Disaster Assistance?

Disaster assistance is immediate and/ or short-term relief from a disaster and can be provided to a tribal community in accordance with §20.328.

§ 20.328 How can a tribe apply for Disaster Assistance?

- (a) The tribe affected by the disaster is considered the applicant and must submit the following to the Regional Director through the local Superintendent:
- (1) A tribal resolution requesting disaster assistance;
- (2) A copy of county, state, or Presidential declaration of disaster; and
- (3) The projected extent of need in the service area not covered by other federal funding sources.
- (b) The Regional Director must forward the above tribal documents and his/her recommendation to the Assistant Secretary for final decision on whether disaster assistance will be provided and to what extent.

EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE

§ 20.329 When can the Bureau provide Emergency Assistance payments?

Emergency Assistance payments can be provided to individuals or families who suffer from a burnout, flood, or